RAMAN CHAWLA & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Apex Ecotech Limited (Formerly Known as Apex Ecotech Private Limited)

Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of M/s Apex Ecotech Limited ["the Company"] which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2024, the statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March 2024, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, which we have signed under reference to this report.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the aforesaid financial statements gives the information required by the Act, in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its profits (financial performance) and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for audit of Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") with respect to preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance of the company in accordance with the Accounting Principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014.

This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting frauds & other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management of the company is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters going

concern and using the going concern basis for accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.

As required by section 143(3) of the Act we report that;

- a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
- c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act;
- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2024, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report as under with respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014:
 - i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements Refer Note 26 to the financial statements.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts; as such the question of commenting on any material foreseeable losses thereon does not arise.
 - iii) There has not been an occasion in case of the Company during the year under report to transfer any sums to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. The question of delay in transferring such sums does not arise.
 - iv) a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entity identified in any manner whatsoever by or behalf of the company ("ultimate beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
 - b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any



person or entity including foreign entities ("Funding Parties") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other person or entity identified in any manner whatsoever by or behalf of the funding party ("ultimate beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries; and

- c) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that representations under sub clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.
- v) The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year; as such the compliance with section 123 of the Companies Act' 2013 does not arises.
- vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

As per our separate report of even date.

For Raman Chawla and Associates

Chartered

Chartered Accountants FRN: 0355435

Jasmeet Singh

Partner

Membership No.: 549076

Place: New Delhi Date: 06 July 2024

UDIN: 24549076BKECSS8449

"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024: -

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment;
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The Company has properly recorded immovable properties for the year ended in the financial statements and are held in the name of the company. Pursuant to it, all the title deeds have been verified and no discrepancies have been noticed.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of the security of current assets at any point of time during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, during the year the Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (iii) (a) to (f) of the order are not applicable to the company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not given any loans, or provided any guarantee or security as specified under Section 185 and Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) The maintenance of Cost Records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act is not applicable in respect of the activities carried on by the company. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities except LBT amounting 7,74,660/-, Service tax amounting 2,19,119/-, and WCT amounting 85,238/- were outstanding as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds have been raised on short-term basis by the Company. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

(b) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the company has utilized funds raised by way of preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) for the purpose for which they were raised, except the following:

Nature of Securities	Purpose for which funds were raised		Amount utilized for the other purpose	Unutilized balance as at balance sheet date	Remark, if any
Equity Shares	Working Capital Requirements	88 Lakhs	NIL	88 Lakhs	Funds were raised at the fag-end of the year.

- (xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business;
 - (b) The Company is not required to appoint internal auditor as per Section 138 of the Companies Act. Accordingly, clause 3(xiv)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable. & ASSOC

- (b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CIC. Accordingly, the requirements of clause 3(xvi)(d) are not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year as well as in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The provisions of section 135 of Companies Act, are not applicable on the Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.

As per our separate report of even date.

For Raman Chawla and Associates

Chartere

Chartered Accountant

Jasmeet Singh

Partner

Membership No.: 549076

Place: New Delhi Date: 06 July 2024

UDIN: 24549076BKECSS8449

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Apex Ecotech Limited** ("the Company") as of 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the accompanying financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting <u>principles</u>.

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For Raman Chawla and Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 503 5543N

Jasmeet Singh-

Partner

Membership No.: 549076

Place: New Delhi Date: 06 July 2024

UDIN: 24549076BKECSS8449

NAME OF THE ASSESEE

APEX ECOTECH LIMITED (Formerly known as Apex Ecotech Private Limited)

DATE OF INCORPORATION
STATUS
PREVIOUS YEAR
ASSESSMENT YEAR
PAN NO.

APEX ECOTECH LIMITED (Formerly known as Apex Ecotech Private Limited)

01.04.2009
Public Limited Company
2023-24
2024-25
PAN NO.
AAHCA6649M

PAN NO. AAHCA6649M COMPUTATION OF TAXABLE II		
ncome from Business		
Net Profit as per Profit & Loss A/c	897.80	
Add:		
Depreciation debited in P&L A/c	22.92	
Fees for increase in authorized share capital	12.83	
Donation	-	
Interest on late deposit of TDS	0.10	
Provision for Gratuity	11.01	
	944.64	
Less:		
Depreciation as per Income Tax Act	(19.51)	
Previous year bonus payable paid during the year	(4.01)	
Reversal of interest payable as per MSMED Act	•	
Interest on income tax refund	•	
Interest on FDR's	(9.59)	
	911.53	911.53
Income from Other Sources		
Interest on FDR's	9.59	
Interest on income tax refund		9.59
Gross Total Income		921.12
Less: Deductions u/s 80G	•	-
Less: Deductions u/s 80JJAA		-
Total Income		921.12
Brought Forward Losses and Unabsorbed Depreciation:		
Unabsorbed Depreciation	•	
Business Losses	•	
Net Taxable Income		921.12
Tax Due		202.65
Add: Surcharge@10%		20.26
Add. Sulcharge@1070		222.91
Add: Education Cess@4%		8.92
Total Tax Liability		231.83
Less: TDS		25.78
Less: TCS		-
Balance Payable		206.05
Less: Advance Tax		205.00
Tax Payable before Interest		1.05
Add: Interest u/s 234C		3.27
Tax Payable/ (Refundable)		4.32
Round off u/s 288B		4.32

Capital Losses carried forward to next year	Long Term	Short Term	Total
FY 2021-22	30.72	32.68	63.40
Total	30.72	32.68	63.40

APEX ECOTECH LIMITED (Formerly known as Apex Ecotech Private Limited) Balance sheet as at 31st March 2024

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless stated otherwise)

All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless stated otherwise) Particulars	Notes	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
LEQUITY & LIABILITIES			
1) Shareholder's Funds		0.00	91.36
(a) Share Capital	2	96.86	631.16
(b) Reserves and Surplus	3	1,376.70	031.10
(2) Non-Current Liabilities	1, 1	19.95	38.72
(a) Long-term borrowings	4		•
(b) Other Non-Current Liabilities		40.80	31.78
(c) Long term provisions	5	40.00	
(3) Current Liabilities		22.18	19.51
(a) Short-term borrowings	6	22.10	
(b) Trade payables	0	344.86	178.67
Outstanding dues to micro and small enterprises		28.83	88.55
Outstanding dues to other than micro and small enterprises	-	365.29	604.91
(c) Other current liabilities	7	260.46	83.14
(d) Short-term provisions	5	2,555.93	1,767.81
Total Equity & Liabilities		2,000,00	
II. ASSETS			
(1) Non-current assets	8		
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	8	128.14	137.65
(i) Tangible assets		1.35	0.21
(ii) Intangible assets		-	
(iii) Capital Work in Progress	24	12.05	11.19
(b) Deferred tax assets (net)	9	-	2.75
(c) Other Non Current Assets	,		
(2) Current assets	10	175.52	340.55
(a) Inventories	11	866.67	701.08
(b) Trade receivables	12	1,012.46	357.24
(c) Cash and Bank Balances	13	50.21	102.0
(d) Short-term loans and advances	14	309.54	115.0
(e) Other current assets	14		
Total Assets		2,555.93	1,767.8

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements Significant Accounting Policies

2 to 30 1

The accompayning notes form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Raman Chawla and Associates

Chartered Countants

Firm Regn 55 035543N

Jasmeet Singh Partner M No. 549076

Date: 06 . 67 . 2024

Place: New Delhi UDIN: 24549076BKECSS8449

Accounta

For and on behalf of the Board

Apex Ecotech Limited

Anuj Dosajh Managing Director

DIN: 00119225

Rakesh Kaul Chief Financial Officer Ajay Raina Director

DIN: 02042979

Kirti Jain Company Secretary APEX ECOTECH LIMITED (Formerly known as Apex Ecotech Private Limited) Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ended on 31st March 2024

ee in INR Lakhs, unless stated otherwise)

All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless stated otherwise) Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Income	15	5,308.09	3,457.38
Revenue from operations Other Income	16	38.40	34.68
Total Income		5,346.49	3,492.06
Expenditure		2 (22 28	2,286.46
Cost of Material Consumed	17	3,622.38	566.64
Employee benefit expense	18	467.78 5.76	9.43
Finance cost	19	22.92	27.77
Depreciation Other expenses	8 20	329.85	253.74
Total Expenses		4,448.69	3,144.03
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax		897.80	348.02
Less: Exceptional Items		007.00	348.02
Profit/(Loss) before tax		897.80	340.02
Tax expense:		(235.10)	(59.76
(1) Current tax		(0.52)	(5.99
(2) Taxes of Earlier years	24	0.86	1.81
(3) Deferred tax Profit(Loss) from the period from continuing	24	663.04	284.08
operations			
Profit/(Loss) from discontinuing operations:	1		
Less: Tax expense of discontinuing operations Profit/(Loss) from Discontinuing operations			
Profit/(Loss) for the period		663.04	284.08
Earning per equity share:	1	72.21	31.0
(1) Basic (2) Diluted		72.21	31.0

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements Significant Accounting Policies

2 to 30

The accompayning notes form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

NEW DELHI

artered Acc

For Raman Chawla and Associates

Chartered Accountants

Jasmeet Singh

Partner M No. 549076

Date: OG · OJ · 2024 Place: New Delhi

UDIN: 24549076BKECSS8449

For and on behalf of the Board

Apex Ecotech Limited

Anu Dosajh Managing Director

DIN: 00119225

Rakesh Kaul Chief Financial Officer

Ajay Raina Director

DIN: 02042979

Kirti Jain

Company Secretary

APEX ECOTECH LIMITED (Formerly known as Apex Ecotech Private Limited)

Cash	Flow S	Statemen	t for t	he per	iod ende	d 31s	t March 2024	
(All a	mount	e are in	INR L	akhs. t	nless ste	nted of	therwise)	

Particular	Notes	Nine months ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
. Cash flow from Operating Activities		VISCONIA COLOR	
		007 00	348.02
Net Profit Before Income tax & Extraordinary item		897.80	27.77
Add: Depreciation		22.92	6.80
Add: Interest Expenses		5.76	
Add: Previous year taxes paid		(0.52)	(5.99)
Less: Profit on sale of Fixed Assets			
Less: Interest Income		(9.59)	(6.41)
Operating Profit before Working Capital changes		916.36	370.19
Changes In Working Capital			
Increase in Trade Payables		106.47	54.02
Increase in Long term provisions		9.02	31.78
Increase in Short term provisions		177.32	83.14
Increase/(Decrease) in Long term liabilities			-
Increase/(Decrease) in Other current liabilities		(239.62)	387.92
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade Receivables		(165.59)	(354.50
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets		(119.84)	(65.63
		2.75	(2.75
(Increase)/Decrease in Non Current Assets		51.87	(37.01
(Increase)/Decrease in Short term Loans & advances (Increase)/Decrease in Inventory		165.03	(147.80
Operating (Loss)/Profit after Changes in Working Capital		(12.60)	(50.84
	1 349	235.10	59.76
Less: Income Tax paid		233.10	39.70
Less : Interim Dividend & Tax Paid			
Net Cash Generated from Operating Activities	[A]	668.67	259.59
B. Cash flows from Investing Activities			
Purchase of Fixed Assets		(14.54)	(6.46
Sale of Fixed Assets		- 1	
Interest on Bank Deposits		9.59	6.41
Net Cash from Investing Activities	[B]	(4.96)	(0.05
C. Cash flows from Financing Activities	10000		
		r.	
Issuance of Share Capital		88.00	
Interest Expenses		(5.76)	(6.80
Proceeds/Repayment of Borrowings		(16.11)	(51.80
Net Cash Generated from Financing Activities	[C]	66.14	(58.60
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	[A+B+C]	729.85	200.8
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the year		215.37	14.49
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the year		945.21	215.3
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	[D]	729.85	200.8
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash in hand		11.83	3.9
With banks		933.38	211.4
With Danks		and the state of the state of	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	[E]	945.21	215.3

Note:

The cash flow statement has been prepared in accordance with 'Indirect method' as set out in the Accounting Standard (AS)-3 on 'Cash Flow Statements' as specified in the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Raman Chawla as Chartered Accoup

Jasmeet Singh Partner M No. 549076

Date: 06.07.2024

Place: New Delhi

UDIN: 24549076BKECSS8449

NEW DELHI

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For and on behalf of the Board

Apex Ecotech Limited

Managing Director DIN; 00119225

Ajay Raina Director

Rakesh Kaul Chief Financial Officer

Kirti Jain Company Secretary Notes to the financial statements for the period ended on 31st March 2024 (All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless stated otherwise)

1 Significant accounting policies:

a. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP). The company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year.

b. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

c. Uses of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known/ materialized.

d. Inventories/Work in Progress/Raw Material .

i. Finished goods, goods held for resale and packing materials are stated at lower of cost and net realizable value.
 ii. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and to make the sale.

e. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Sale of Goods: - Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer and is stated net of trade discounts, returns and GST.

Sale of Services: - Revenue from sale of services is recognized as the services are rendered based on agreements/arrangements with customers.

f. Fixed Assets

i. Property, plant & equipment

PPE Fixed assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Borrowing costs relating to acquisition of fixed assets which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use.

ii. Intangible Asset

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss when the asset is de-recognized.

g. Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided on Written Down Value Method (WDV) on the basis of useful lives of the asset considering the nature, estimated usage, operating conditions, past history of replacement anticipated technological changes, manufacturers' warranties and maintenance support.

Taking into account these factors, the Company has decided to retain the useful life hitherto adopted for various categories of property, plant and equipments, which might be different from those prescribed in Schedule II of the Act.

Estimated useful lives of assets are as follows:

Type of Asset	Estimated useful life(Years)		
Plant and Machinery	20 Years		
Vehicles	8 Years		
Furniture and Fixtures	5 Years		
Office Equipments	5 Years		
Computers	3 Years		
Softwares	3 Years		

h. Cash Flow Statement

Cash Flows are reported using indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferral or accruals of any past or future cash receipts or payments. The Cash flows from regular revenue generating, financing and investing activity of the company are segregated.

i. Deferred Taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred taxes. Current Income Tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act. Deferred Income Taxes reflect the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years.

Deferred Income Tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. If the Company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that such deferred tax assets can be realized against future taxable profits.

At each Balance Sheet date the Company re-assesses unrecognized deferred tax assets, if any. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax assets to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. Accordingly deferred tax asset is created having closing balance of Rs. 12.05 Lakhs (Rs. 11.19 Lakhs in previous year) on account effect of WDV of Property, Plant and Equipment, disallowed items and carried forward of losses.

j. Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings per Share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to Equity Shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes, if any) by the weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid Equity Share, if any is treated as a fraction of an Equity Share to the extent that they were entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid Equity Share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events of bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares), if any.

k. Provisions

A provision is recognized when the company has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present-value and are determined based on management estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.

Accounting policies are not specifically referred to otherwise be consistent and in consonance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Employee Benefits:

Gratuity liability under the payment of Gratuity Act has been provided in the books of accounts as per Actuarial Valuation as required under Accounting Standard -15 (Revised) issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.



APEX ECOTECH LIMITED (Formerly known as Apex Ecotech Private Limited) Notes to the financial statements for the period ended on 31st March 2024

(All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless stated otherwise)

		31st March 2024		31st March 2023		
		Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
2	Share capital Authorised share capital					
	Equity shares of 10 each	1,50,00,000	1,500.00	15,00,000	150.00	
	Issued, subscribed and fully paid up					
	Equity shares of 10 each	9,68,600	96.86	9,13,600	91.36	
	Total issues, subscribed and fully paid up share capital	9,68,600	96.86	9,13,600	91.36	

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Equity Shares

2

		As at 31st March 2024		at rch 2023
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Equity Shares at the beginning of the period	9,13,600	91.36	9,13,600	91.36
Add: Shares issued during the period	55,000	5.50	-	
Equity shares at the end of the period	9,68,600	96.86	9,13,600	91.36

b. The Company has only one class of equity shares, having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible to one vote per fully paid share held. The repayment of equity share capital in the event of liquidation and buy back of shares are possible subject to prevalent regulations. In the event of liquidation, normally the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

	As at 31st March 2024		s at arch 2023
Number	% of Holding	Number	% of Holding
2,75,907	28.49%	2,75,907	30.20%
1,80,853	18.68%	1,80,893	19.80%
2,75,907	28.49%	2,75,907	30.20%
1,80,893	18.68%	1,80,893	19.80%
9,13,560	94.32%	9,13,600	100.00%
	2,75,907 1,80,853 2,75,907 1,80,893	31st March 2024 Number % of Holding 2,75,907 28.49% 1,80,853 18.68% 2,75,907 28.49% 1,80,893 18.68%	31st March 2024 31st March 2024 Number % of Holding Number 2,75,907 28.49% 2,75,907 1,80,853 18.68% 1,80,893 2,75,907 28.49% 2,75,907 1,80,893 18.68% 1,80,893

d. Details of shares held by the promoters at the end of the period

Promoters' name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	% Change during the Year
Mr. Anuj Dosajh	2,75,907	28.49%	-1.72%
Mr. Ajay Raina	1,80,853	18.67%	-1.12%
Mr. Ramakrishnan Balasundaram Aiyer	2,75,907	28.49%	-1.72%
Mr. Lalit Mohan Datta	1,80,893	18.68%	-1.13%
	9,13,560	94.32%	-5.68%



As at	As at
31st March 2024	31st March 2023
631.16	347.08
663.04	284.08
1,294.20	631.16
82.50	-
82.50	-
1,376.70	631.16
	31st March 2024 631.16 663.04 1,294.20 82.50 82.50

4	Borrowings		s at arch 2024		s at arch 2023
		Long Term	Short Term	Long Term	Short Term
	(a)Secured Loans				
	i)Kotak Mahindra Loan	6.19	7.76	13.95	7.18
	ii)YES Bank	2.24	3.59	5.83	3.28
	iii)ICICI Bank Ltd	1.34	5.10	6.45	4.69
	iv)Kotak Mahindra Loan	7.99	4.59	12.49	4.36
	v) Bank of India Loan	2.19	1.14		
		19.95	22.18	38.72	19.51

i)Kotak Mahindra Loan is secured by hypothecation of MG Gloster Car having reg no. DL12CT3903

ii)YES Bank Loan is secured by hypothecation of Innova Crysta Car having reg no. DL10CL4306

iii)ICICI Bank Ltd is secured by hypothecation of Innova Crysta Car having reg no. MH14JA7993

iv)Kotak Mahindra Loan is secured by hypothecation of Innova Crysta Car having reg no. DL9CAW9046

v)Bank of India Loan is secured by hypothecation of 5 bikes given to employees for office purpose.

5 P	rovisions		s at arch 2024	and the second second	rch 2023
		Long Term	Short Term	Long Term	Short Term
1	Provision for Gratuity	40.80	25.36	31.78	23.38
1	Provisions for Income Tax		235.10		59.76
		40.80	260.46	31.78	83.14



		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
6 Trade	payables		
a) Payat	ble to Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises*		
Consi	dered Good - MSME	341.67	178.67
Not G	ood	3.20	
		344.86	178.67
b) Payat	ble to Others		
Consi	dered Good - Others	18.02	77.74
Not G	ood	10.81	10.81
		28.83	88.55

* The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an Office Memorandum dated 26 August 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum. Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

- The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year	344.86	178.67
- The interest due on the principal remaining outstanding as at the end of the year		
- The amount of interest paid under the MSMED Act, along with the amounts of the payment made beyond the appointed day during the year	Nil	Nil
- The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act	Nil	Nil
- The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year		*
- The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act	•	•

	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
7 Other current liabilities		
(a)Advance from Customers	157.43	478.47
(b) Expenses Payable	61.37	10.92
(c) Statutory Dues Payable	3.99	2.65
(d) Retentions	141.09	90.25
(e) TDS & TCS Payable		21.20
(f) Other Dues Payable - Statutory	1.41	1.41
	365.29	604.91



-			
FIX	FD	ASS	rc

FIXED ASSETS						Accumulated	depreciation		Net b	olock
THE ROOF TO		Gross car	rying value				Deletions/	As at	As at	As at
Particulars	As at	Additions	Deletions/	As at	As at	Additions		31 March 2024	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
raruculars	1 April 2023	during the year	adjustments	31 March 2024	1 April 2023	during the year	adjustments	31 March 2024	31 March 2024	
TANGIBLE				10.00	10.56	2.77		13.33	4.89	3.97
Computers	14.53	3.69		18.22	10.56	2.11			76.16	76.16
Land	76.16		-	76.16	-	-				
Factory Building	-	-		- 0.25	4.80	1.13	-	5.93	2.41	2.24
Office Equipments	7.05	1.30	-	8.35	0.28	0.07	-	0.34	0.40	0.47
Plant & Machinery	0.75			0.75	75.36	17.36		92.72	42.33	53.54
Vehicles	128.90	6.14		135.04	1.31	0.66	-	1.97	1.94	1.26
Furniture & Fixtures	2.57	1.34		3.91	1.51	0.00			+	
									1.35	0.21
INTANGIBLE	7.70	2.07		9.85	7.56	0.93	-	8.50	1.33	0.21
Softwares	7.78	2.07		7,00					120.40	137.86
	227.71	14.54		252.28	99.88	22.92	-	122.79	129.49	159.16
TOTAL	237.74			237.74	72.11	27.77		99.88	137.86	133.10
PREVIOUS YEAR FIGURES	231.27	0.40	-	201111						



ll amo	ounts are in 114R Lakins, unless stated other inser	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
9	Other Non Current Assets	-	2.75
	Prepaid expense	-	2.75
		As at	As at
		31st March 2024	31st March 2023
10	Inventories (valued at cost or lower of net realisable value)		
	Raw Materials	175.52 175.52	340.55 340.55
		As at	As at 31st March 2023
11	Trade receivables	31st March 2024	Sist Maich 2025
11		195.94	257.56
	Outstanding for a period Less than 6 monthsOthers	17.62	76.01
	Other receivables - Trade Retentions	653.12	273.86 93.65
	- Others	866.67	701.08
		As at	As at
	and Deliver	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
12	Cash and Bank Balances (a) Cash and cash equivalents i) Cash in hand	11.83	3.95
	ii) Balances with banks	179.41	209.87
	in current accountscheques-in-hand	-	1.54
	iii) Deposits with banks	753.97	-
	(b) Other bank balances Fixed Deposits (Against Bank Guarantee)	67.24	141.88
	Fixed Deposits (Against Daint Camana)	1,012.40	357.24
		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
13	Short term loans and advances Advances to vendors	50.2	1 102.07
		50.2	1 102.07
		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
1		6.3	30 2.91
	Advances to Employees Prepaid expense	11.4	9.02
	GST Receivable	18.9	
	Income tax receivable	248. ²	
	Other Receivables - Statutory Security Deposits	3.	77 3.40
	Interest accrued but not due	309.	
		309.	113.07



	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
15 Revenue from operations Sales of Products Supply of services	5,118.32 189.77	3,336.58 120.80
Revenue from operations (Net)	5,308.09	3,457.38
	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
16 Other income Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Gain Interest received on FD	5.06 9.59	11.49 3.53 11.91
Freight, Carriage and Forwarding charge Reversal of provision of interest on MSME Interest on Income tax refund	1.66	2.63 2.88
Balance Written Off Settlement amount received	1.47 20.63	0.50_
Miscellaneous Income	38.40	34.68
	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Opening Stock Add: Purchase of Raw Material Add: Direct Expenses Less:- Closing Stock	340.55 3,262.02 195.33 -175.52 3,622.38	192.74 2,311.18 123.08 -340.55 2,286.46
	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
18 Employee benefit expense Salaries, wages and bonus Director's Remuneration Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	322.15 116.35 21.54 7.74	309.03 235.49 15.93 6.19
Staff welfare expenses	467.78	566.64 NLA & ASS

	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
19 Finance cost		
Interest Paid	3.99	7.68
- Banks - Interest	3.99	-
- Others - Interest	1.77	1.75
Limit Renewal and Processing Charges	1.77 5.76	9.43
	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
20 Other Expenses	4.34	10.04
Bank Charges & Bank Gaurantee Charges	9.47	8.85
Business Promotion Expenses	88.63	36.88
Carriage Outwards	3.83	3.41
Computer Maintenance	54.53	42.22
Conveyance & Petrol Expenses	1.29	11.90
Labour and Handling Charges	3.38	3.30
Electricity & Water Charges	4.97	3.16
Insurance Charges	1.55	31.27
Bad debts written off	0.17	0.04
Interest on Statuory Dues	14.23	9.46
Legal, Professional & Consultancy Charges	2.30	5.10
Office Expenses	10.45	3.80
Payment to Auditors (Refer Note No. 23)	2.15	2.13
Printing & Stationery	34.39	24.72
Rent, Rates & Taxes	1.13	3.39
Repairs & Maintenance	4.18	4.18
Security Expenses	40.76	8.67
Site Expenses	9.69	10.51
Telephone, Internet & Postage Expenses	7.07	20.22

Telephone, Internet & Postage Expenses

Travelling Expenses

Miscellaneous Expenses

For the year ended

37.47

329.85

0.94

For the year ended

30.32

253.74

0.37

21 Related Party Disclosure

Names of related parties with whom transactions has been tak Relationship	Name	Relation	
Managing Director	Mr. Anui Dosaih		
Directors	Mr. Ajay Raina Mr. Ramakrishnan Balasund Mr. Lalit Mohan Datta	laram Aiyer	
Relative of Directors	Mrs. Poonam Dosajh Mrs. Asha Aiyer Mrs. Monika Bhat	Spouse of Director Spouse of Director Spouse of Director	
Key Managerial Persons Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f. 02/03/2024) Company Secretary (w.e.f. 03/04/2024) Company Secretary (From 02/03/2024 to 02/04/2024)	Mr. Rakesh Kaul Ms. Kirti Jain Ms.Nidhi Sharma		
Enterprises over which Directors have significant Influence	Oakens Engineering Service Flagmo Ea Technologies Pt Flagmo Marketing Private I	verte Limited	

^{*} Note- Related Parties have been identified by the Management

b)	Transactions	with	related	parties
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Transactions with related parties	As at	As at	
	31st March 2024	31st March 2023	
Director's Remuneration		****	
- Directors	116.35	235.49	
Mr. Anuj Dosajh	32.41	73.42	
Mr. Ajay Raina	37.49	49.32	
Mr. Ramakrishnan Balasundaram Aiyer	32.41	73.42 39.32	
Mr. Lalit Mohan Datta	14.03	39.32	
Salary & Wages			
- Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f. 02/03/2024)	0.90		
Mr. Rakesh Kaul	0.90		
- Company Secretary (From 02/03/2024 to 02/04/2024)	0.21		
Ms. Nidhi Sharma	0.21		
	17.28	7.20	
- Relative of Directors	5.76	2.40	
Mrs. Poonam Dosaih	5.76	2.40	
Mrs. Asha Aiyer	5.76	2.40	
Mrs. Monika Bhat			
Loan taken		28.65	
- Directors		23.63	
Mr. Anuj Dosajh	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5.00	
Mr. Ramakrishnan Balasundaram Aiyer		,	
Loan repaid		28.6	
- Directors		23.6	
Mr. Anuj Dosajh		5.0	
Mr. Ramakrishnan Balasundaram Aiyer			

Pirector Remuneration Payable	As at	As at
	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
	6.00	
Directors	1.85	
Mr. Anuj Dosajh	1.52	
Mr. Ajay Raina	1.65	
Mr. Ramakrishnan Balasundaram Aiyer	0.98	
Mr. Lalit Mohan Datta		

		31st March 2024	31st March 2023
22	Payment of Auditors Includes: Audit Fee	6.00	1.50
	Tax Audit Fee	0.50	0.50
		3.95	1.80_
	Other Professional services Total	10.45	3.80
		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
23	Foreign Currency Transactions		
	a Earnings in Foreign Currency	407.71	481.94
	Export Sales	22.64	-
	Advance from Customer	430.35	481.94
	b Expenses in Foreign Currency		
	Import Purchases		



	694	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
24	Deferred Tax Liability/Assets	177.37	182.34
	WDV as per Income Tax Act	129.49	137.86
	WDV as per Companies Act Difference	47.88	44.48
		12.05	11.19
	Closing Deferred Tax Asset Opening Deferred Tax Asset	11.19	9.38
	Creation of Deferred Tax Asset	0.86	1.81
		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
25	Contingent liabilities and commitments	12.59	9.77
	Interest on late payment to Disputed MSME Creditors	12.59	9.77

26 Other Matters

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- 1 The Company had filed an appeal before District Judge, Nasik against the award of Rs. 3.20 Lakhs passed by Micro & Small Enterprises Facilitation council, Nasik Division dated 16.11.2018. Earlier M/s Positive Metering Pumps (I) Pvt Ltd initiated a conciliation proceedings under section 18 read with section 17 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 for non payment of principal amounting to Rs. 2.64 Lakhs and interest of Rs. 0.38 Lakhs. An amount of Rs. 3.20 Lakhs is included under the head Trade Payables, Schedule 5 of Balance Sheet. The appeal filed by the company has been quashed by the district court. However, no claim has been raised by the party till date and management is of the opinion that no provision is required to be made for the additional interest amount and therefore the same has been shown as contingent liability.
- 2 Company has filed a suit on M/s Vishesh Wollen Mills for recovery of Rs. 3.62 Lakhs towards balance payment receivable for supply of STP 200 KLD plant alongwith Interest of Rs. 2.12 Lakhs. The above amount of Rs. 3.62 Lakhs is included in Trade Receivable "Others" under the head Trade Receivable. Schedule 11 of the Balance sheet The matter is pending before ADJ, District North, Rohini as on 31 March 2024.
- Company has filed suit on M/s DLF Home Developers Limited for recovery of Rs. 47.49 Lakhs, matter listed for the arguments on the application U/o.XXXVII Rule 3(4) R/w Section 151 of CPC. The above amount of Rs. 47.49 Lakhs includes principal amount of Rs. 11.89 Lakhs and difference being damages and interest amounting to Rs. 35.60 Lakhs. The above amount of 11.88 Lakhs is included in Trade Receivable "Others" under the head Trade Receivable, Schedule 11 of Balance Sheet. The matter is pending as on 31 March 2024.
- 4 Company has filed 2 suits on Mr. Vinod Patel Proprietor M/s Extreme automation U/S 138 of Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881 for an amount of Rs. 4.28 Lakhs and is included in Short Term Loans and Advances Schedule 13 and is pending in the court of Judicial Magistrate First Class, Pimpri. Company has applied for issuance of summons. Hence, court has issued summons against the accused. The matter is pending as on 31 March 2024.
- The Company has been assessed u/s 143(3) of Income Tax Act 1961 for AY 2022-23 wherein the assessment order dated 22.03.2024 was passed. Ld. AO made an addition of Rs. 11,29,831/- thereby raising a demand of Rs. 43,020/-.

Pursuant to above assessment order, Penalty proceedings u/s 270A of the Income Tax Act 1961, were also initiated separately.

Aggrieved by the above Assessment order, the Company has filed an appeal u/s 246A before Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) on 22.04.2024. Penalty proceedings initiated are kept in abeyance till the disposal of above appeal. The case is yet to be fixed for hearing.

Previous year figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever required.



28 Disclosures in compliance with amendment in Schedule III

- a. The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- b. The Company has not entered any transactions with Companies that were struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- c The Company is in compliance with number of layers of Companies, as prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- d. During the year, no scheme of arrangements in relation to the Company has been approved by the competent authority in terms of section 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, aforesaid disclosure are not applicable, since there were no transaction.
- e. The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- f. The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
- g. The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons/entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group ('ultimate beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

h. The company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding party") with the understanding (whether ecorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or other half of the Funding party (ultimate beneficiaries); or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

APEX ECOTECH LIMITED (Formerly known as Apex Ecotech Private Limited) Notes to the financial statements for the period ended on 31st March 2024

: (All amounts are in INR Lakhs, unless stated otherwise)

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i.	Solvenc	v Ratios

Solvency Ratios Particulars	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
) Current ratio = Current assets divided by Current liabilities	O 10t Ham on 2021	
	2,414.39	1,616.00
Current assets	1,021.62	974.78
Current liabilities	2.36	1.66
Ratio	42.56%	
%age change from previous year/period		
Current Ratio is increased due to increase in cash and bank halances		
b) Debt equity ratio = Total Debt divided by Shareholders equity		59.24
Total debt	42.13	58.24
Total Equity	1,473.56	722.52
Ratio	0.03	0.08
%age change from previous year/period	-64.53%	
Ratio is decreased due to increase in share holders equity and decreas	se in debt.	
c) Debt service coverage ratio = Earnings available for debt		
services divided by Total interest and principal payments		
Earnings available for Debt service	888.07	350.55
Interest & Debt Service	21.86	61.29
Ratio	40.62	5.72
%age change from previous year/period*	610.18%	
Ratio is increased due to increase in profit and decrease in interest an	nd debt service.	
d) Return on Equity Ratio / Return on Investment Ratio = Net		
profit after tax divided by Average Shareholder's Equity	663.04	284.08
Profit After tax		580.48
Average Shareholder's Equity	1,098.04 60%	
Ratio		
%age change from previous year/period*	23.38%	
Ratio is increased due to increase in PAT.		
e) Inventory Turnover Ratio = Cost of goods sold divided by		
average inventory	2 (22 20	2,286.46
Cost of Goods Sold	3,622.38 258.03	
Average Inventory	14.04	
Ratio		
%age change from previous year/period*	63.72%	0
Ratio is increased due to increase in cost of goods sold.		
f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio = Credit Sales divided by		
Average trade receivables	5,308.09	3,457.38
Credit Sales	783.87	
Average trade receivables		
Ratio	6.77 2.60%	
%age change from previous year/period*	2.609	GHANLA & ASSO
		A CHARLIN A

g) Trade payables turnover ratio = Net credit purchases divided		
by average trade payables		
Credit Purchases	3,262.02	2,311.18
Average trade payables	320.45	240.21
Ratio	10.18	9.62
%age change from previous year/period*	5.80%	
h) Net capital Turnover Ratio = Total sales divided by		
shareholders equity		
Revenue from operations	5,308.09	3,457.38
Shareholders' Equity	1,098.04	580.48
Ratio	4.83	5.96
%age change from previous year/period*	-18.84%	
Ratio is increased due to increase in revenue from operations.		
i) Net profit ratio = Net profit after tax divided by Sales		
Profit after tax	663.04	284.08
Revenue from operations .	5,308.09	3,457.38
Ratio	12.49%	8.22%
%age change from previous year/period*	52.02%	
Ratio is increased because PAT has been increased more in proport	ion to increase in reveue from	operations.
j) Return on Capital employed = Earnings before interest and		
taxes (EBIT) divided by Capital Employed		240.00
Profit Before Tax* (A)	897.80	348.02
Finance costs* (B)	5.76	9.43
EBIT (C) = (A)+(B)	903.56	357.46
Total equity (D)	1,473.56	722.52
Borrowings (including lease liabilities) (E)	42.13	58.24
Capital Employed (F)=(D)+(E)	1,515.69	780.76
Ratio (C)/(F)	59.61%	45.78%
%age change from previous year/period	30.21%	
Ratio is increased due to increase in Total Equity		



29 Payable and Receivables Ageing

Trade Payables as on 31-03-2024

Ageing	MSME	Others	Disputed dues – MSME	Disputed dues - Others	Total
Less than 1 Year	341.67	16.52		-	358.19
1-2 Year		1.49			1.49
2-3 Year	•	-		-	-
>3 Year	-		3.20	10.81	14.00
Total	341.67	18.02	3.20	10.81	373.69

Trade Pavables as on 31-03-2023

Ageing	MSME	Others	Disputed dues – MSME	Disputed dues - Others	Total
Less than 1 Year	175.47	77.74		-	253.21
1-2 Year	1111111111		The second second	-	
2-3 Year	yest a second or a second		-	-	
>3 Year	3.20	*	Section 1	10.81	14.00
Total	178.67	77.74	-	10.81	267.22

Trade Receivables as on 31-03-2024

Ageing	Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good	Undisputed Trade Receivables-Considered Doubtful	Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	Total
Less than 6 months	195.94		-	-	195.94
6 months to 1 Year	1.26	-		-	1.26
1-2 Year	0.85	-		-	0.85
2-3 Year		-		-	-
>3 Year		-	15.51		15.51
Not Due	653.12	-		-	653.12
Total	851.16	-	15.51	-	866.67

Trade Receivables as on 31-03-2023

Ageing	Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good	Undisputed Trade Receivables-Considered Doubtful	Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	Total
Less than 6 months	257.56		-	-	257.56
6 months to 1 Year	13.65	-		-	13.65
1-2 Year	22.80	-			22.80
2-3 Year	4.17			-	4.17
>3 Year	1.55	-	33.84		35.39
Not Due	367.51	-			367.51
Total	667.24	-	33.84		701.08

30 Outstanding amounts of Trade Payables, Long Term Liabilities - Trade Payables, Trade Receivables and Advance from Customers are subject to balance confirmations.

For Raman Chawla and Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn No - 02

Jasmeet Singh

Partner M No. 549076

Date: 06.07.2024

Place: New Delhi

UDIN: 24549076BKECSS8449

NEW DELHI

For and on behalf of the Board

Apex Ecotech Limited

Anuj Dosajh Managing Director

DIN: 00119225

Rakesh Kaul Chief Financial Officer

Director DIN: 020429

Ajay Raina

Kirti Jain

Company Secretary